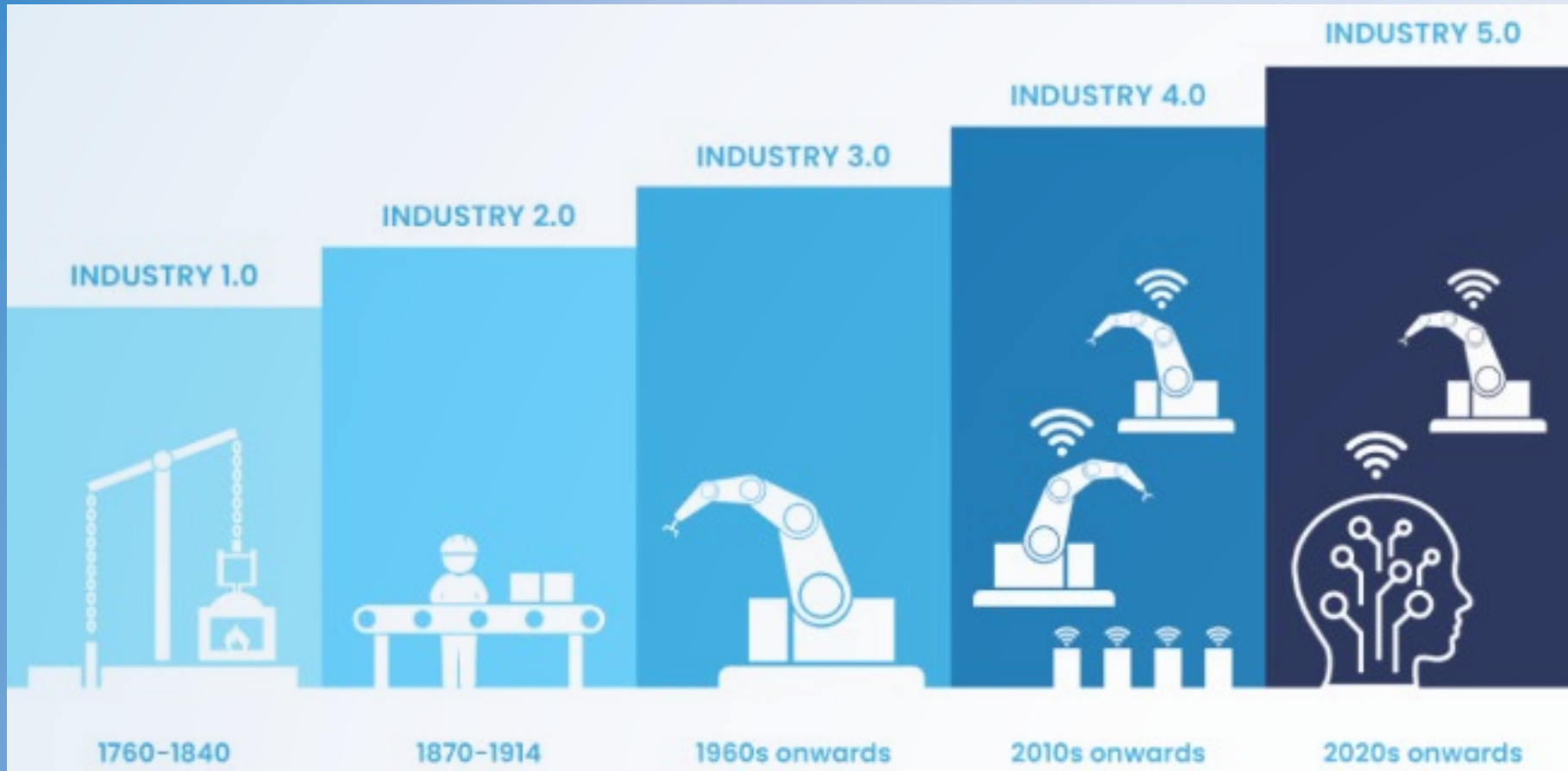


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Disclaimer

The content of this presentation reflects the personal views and interpretations of the presenter. It should not be considered an official position, policy, or endorsement of the Institute of Decontamination Sciences (IDSc) or Manchester University NHS Foundation Trust (MFT)







“THERE IS
NOTHING
IMPOSSIBLE
TO HIM WHO
WILL TRY.”

ALEXANDER THE GREAT

History shows us that even the most revolutionary ideas don't last forever!



**This context matters, because it shows us that today's shift isn't unusual...
it's inevitable**

let's take a brief journey through some of the technologies that once defined their era; only to fade when something better emerged.

DVDs

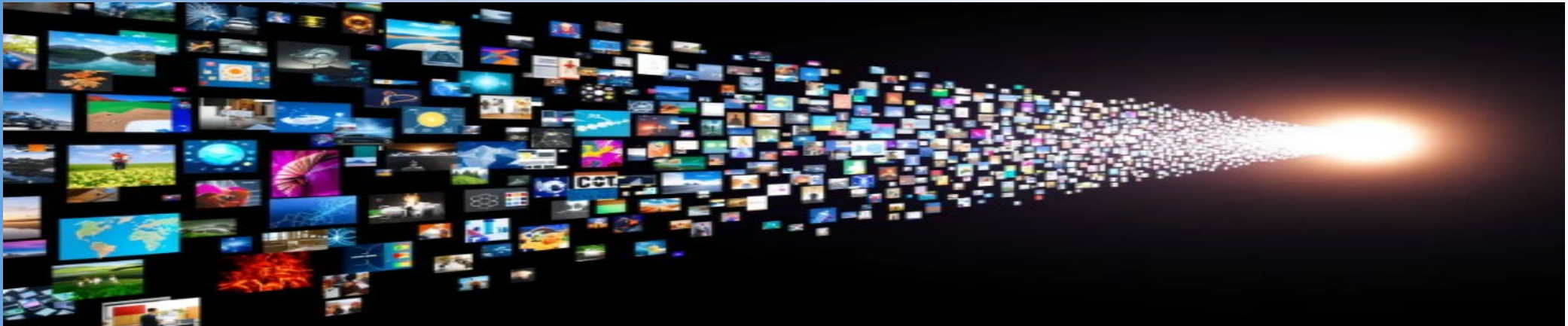


1997: Netflix begins as a DVD-by-mail service; DVDs dominate home video market through late 1990s–2000s.

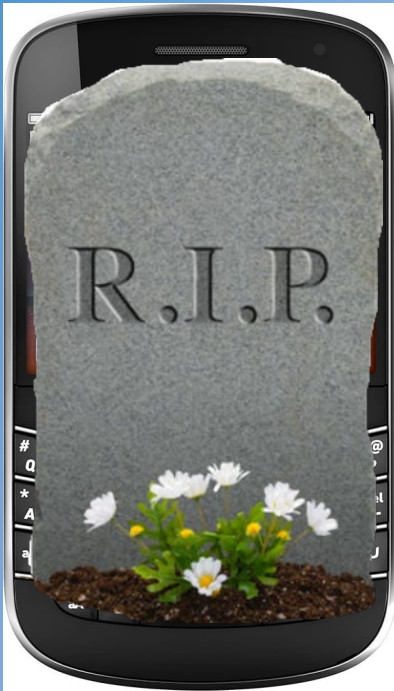
2007: Netflix launches its streaming platform

2010s: Rapid public adoption of streaming; DVDs decline steeply as streaming becomes dominant

2020s: Major retailers reduce DVD sections; streaming fully mainstream and primary distribution model



BlackBerry



2002: First BlackBerry smartphones released, combining phone + email + internet

2007: Apple introduces the first iPhone, creating the modern touchscreen smartphone

2010–2013: iPhone and Android surpass BlackBerry in market share

2016: BlackBerry ends smartphone manufacturing





Iron Lung



1927: The first iron lung was invented by Philip Drinker and Louis Shaw

1950s: Development of modern positive-pressure ventilators



1953: Use of iron lungs rapidly declines following the adoption of modern ventilators

Decontamination Advances

Dry Heat Ovens

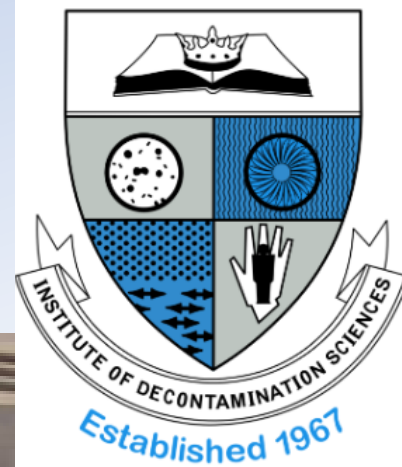


1881 – Robert Koch introduces dry-heat sterilisation

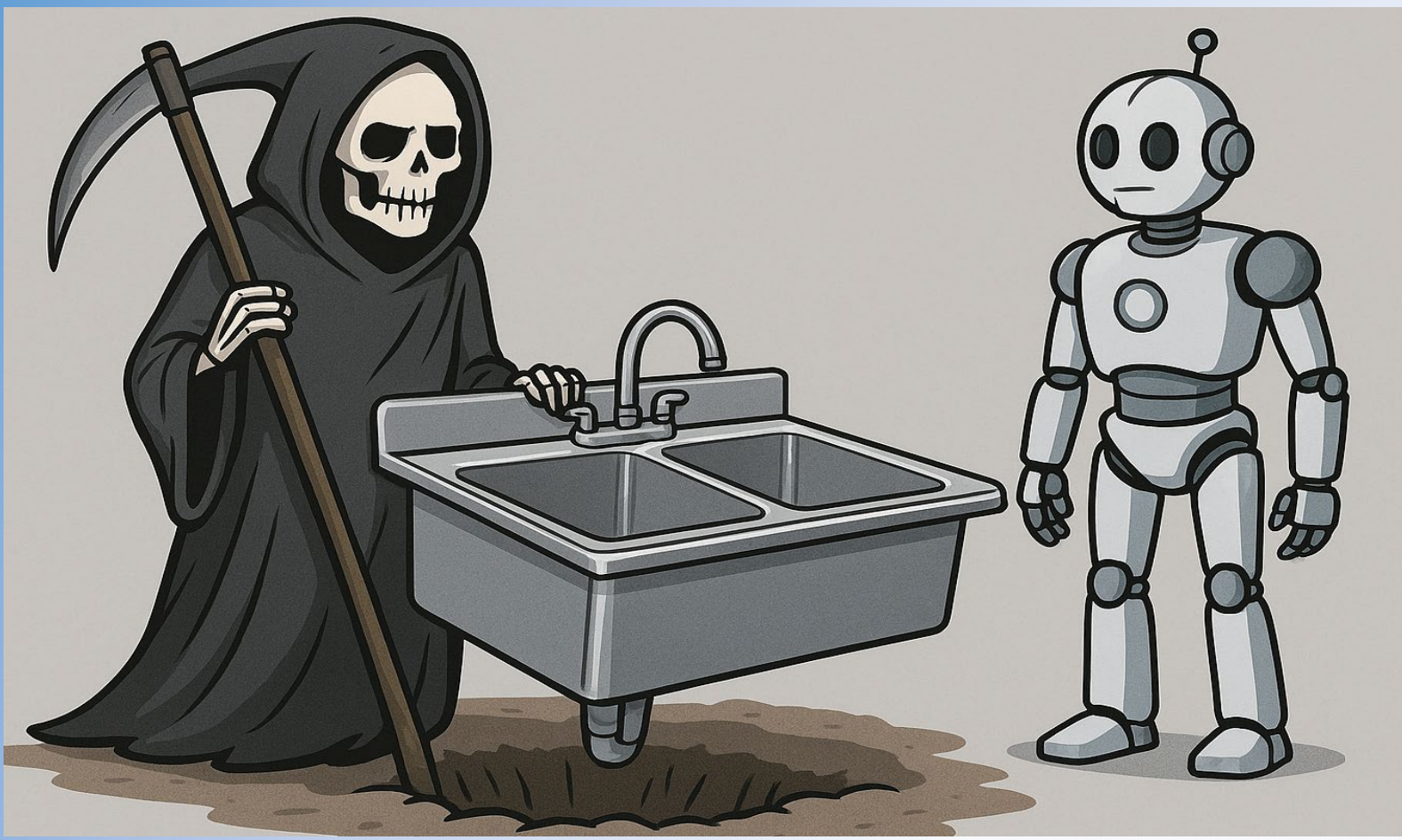


Early 20th century – Hospitals rapidly adopt steam sterilisation.

Mid-late 20th century - Steam sterilisation becomes essential; dry-heat ovens largely replaced in sterile services.



So, what wash sinks?





Infection control - Splashing and Aerosol of Contaminated Water

Persistent sources of biofilm

Donskey 2023:

Healthcare facility floors and sink drains and other wastewater drainage sites are universally contaminated with potential pathogens and it is plausible that organisms can be disseminated from these sites.

Donskey, C.J. (2023) Update on potential interventions to reduce the risk for transmission of health care-associated pathogens from floors and sinks. American Journal of Infection Control, 51, pp. A120–A125



Manual Handling - Sharps injury
Back pain
Repetitive strain



Musculoskeletal Injury Rates in Sterile Services (Sink-Based Cleaning Tasks)

Sterile services staff, who perform manual cleaning at sinks, have MSD injury rates 20/1000 per year.

Far higher than the general healthcare average.

Sink tasks create ergonomic risk factors proven to cause musculoskeletal disorders, including repetitive motion, bending, reaching, heavy lifting, and prolonged awkward postures

Injuries to:

Back

Shoulders

Neck

Wrists

Hands



Image 1 source: <https://www.gm61.co.uk/post/automation-in-sterile-services>

Image 2 source: <https://www.steelcogroup.com/technology/r-appit/>

Image 3 source: <https://www.steris.com/healthcare/products/washing-and-decontamination-systems/washer-disinfectors/atlas-workflow-automation-vehicle?srsltid>



Potential Benefits



Reduction in
chemicals



Technician time

Rewash
reduction

Validation &
Repeatability

Process time

Conclusion



Eliminating manual sink-based pre-cleaning and adopting automated pre-cleaning systems will:

- **Reduce musculoskeletal injuries and associated costs**
- **Remove a major infection-control risk point (sink drains and splash zones)**
- **Standardise and validate pre-cleaning with high repeatability**
- **Shorten and streamline processing times**
- **Improve staff ergonomics, wellbeing, and retention**

Overall: automated pre-cleaning offers superior safety, efficiency, and compliance compared with manual sink-based workflows.

Conclusion





**Any
Questions**